

## Electronic supplementary information

### HOLLOW SILICA PARTICLES FROM SILICA SOL

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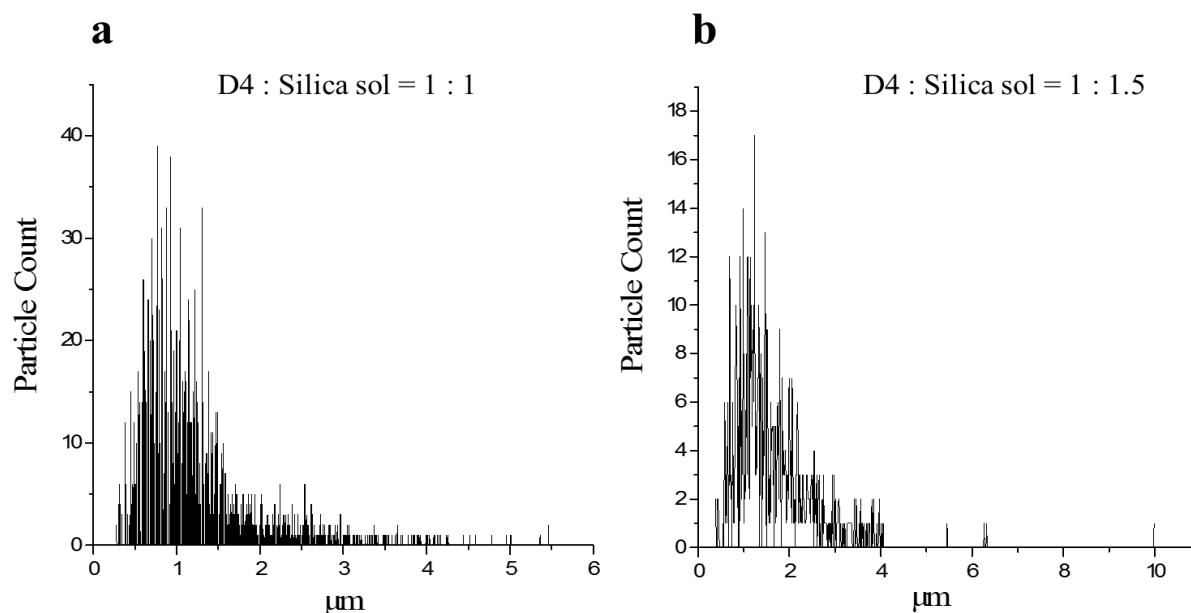
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#### Experimental section

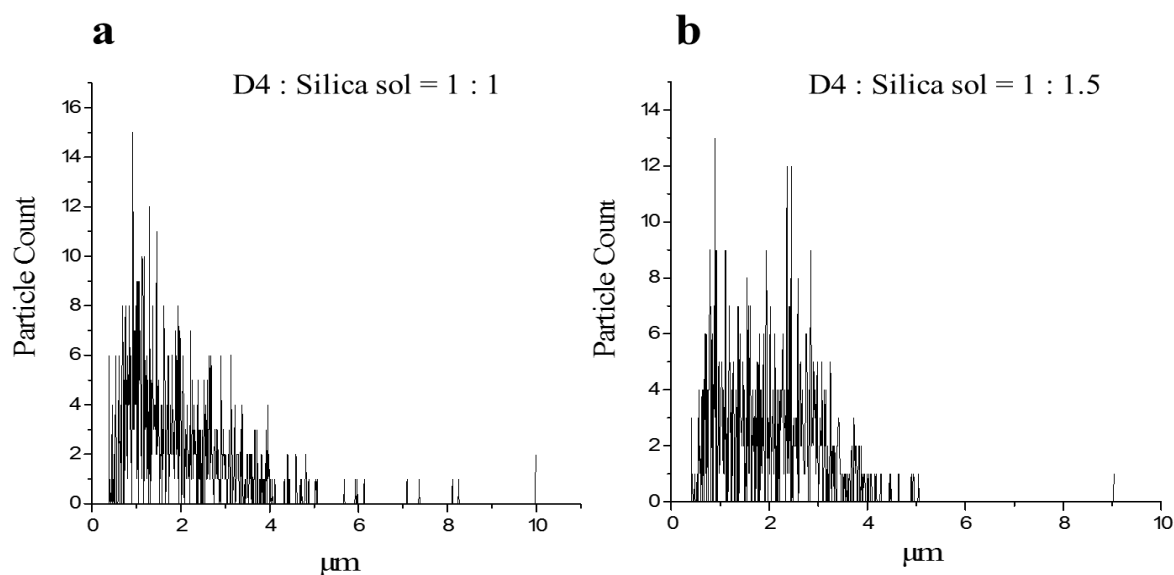
The microscopic analysis of the samples was performed on a scanning electron microscope (SEM) with a NVision 40 thermal emission source (Carl Zeiss, Germany) and on a JEOL JEM-2100F transmission electron microscope (TEM). The particle sizes were determined by dynamic light scattering using a Zetatrac dynamic light scattering spectrometer (Microtrac, USA).

Silica sol was synthesized according to the published method [S1, S2].

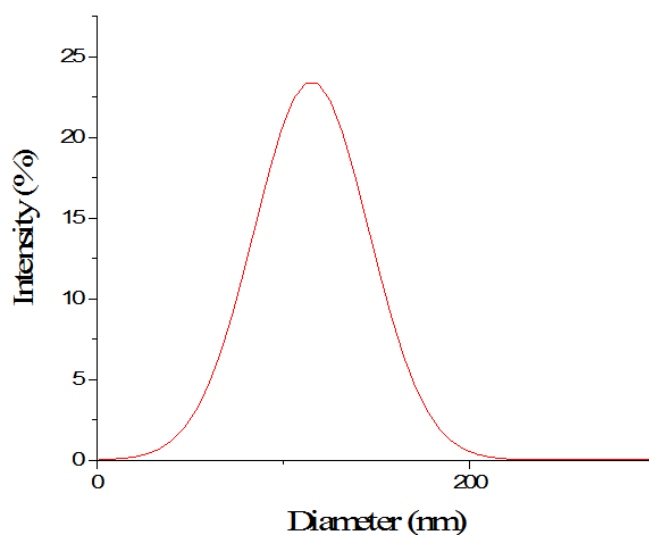
**Synthesis of hollow particles.** D4 was mixed with water (water/D4 ratio = 175:1 parts by weight), the pH value of which was adjusted with acetic acid and an aqueous solution of ammonia. This mixture was emulsified at 10000 rpm for 5 min using a mechanical disperser (IKA ULTRA-TURRAX T 50). Then, upon continuous emulsification, a 3.5% silica sol in THF was added to the emulsion (silica sol/D4 ratio = 1:1 and 1.5:1 parts by weight). Immediately after this, the resulting mixture was centrifuged at 11000 rpm for 30 min, rinsed three times with water, and dried under vacuum at room temperature.



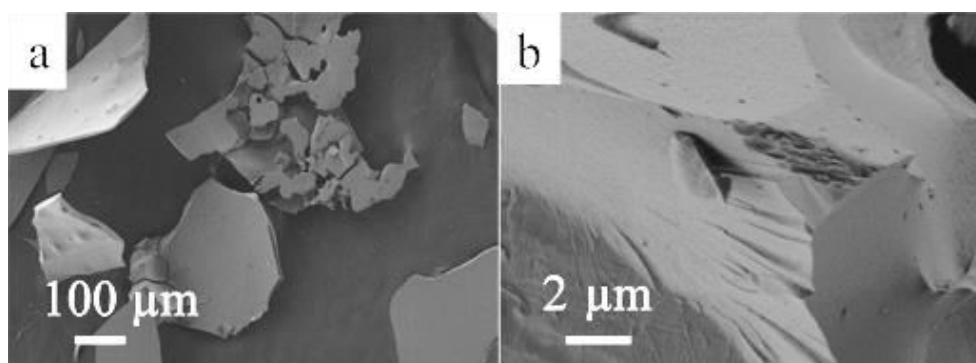
**Figure S1.** Size distribution of the particles at the D4/silica sol ratio of 1:1 (**a**) and 1:1.5 (**b**) obtained from the neutral D4 emulsion based on the analysis of their micrographs.



**Figure S2.** Size distribution of the particles at the D4/silica sol ratio of 1:1 (*a*) and 1:1.5 (*b*) obtained from the acidic D4 emulsion based on the analysis of their micrographs.



**Figure S3.** Results of the dynamic light scattering studies of the particles obtained from the basic D4 emulsion at the D4/silica sol ratio of 1:1.



**Figure S4.** Silicon dioxide agglomerates.

**Table S1.** General characteristics of the resulting particles

Sample	D4/silica sol ratio	pH of the D4 aq. emulsion	pH of the system after the addition of silica sol	Bulk density, g/cm <sup>3</sup>	$\zeta$ , mV	Particle sizes, $\mu\text{m}$	SD, $\mu\text{m}$	Yield of the hollow particles, %
1	1:1	4	3.4	0.82	-15	1.64	1.15	35–40
2	1:1.5	4	3.4	0.65	-12	1.49	1.03	35–40
3	1:1	7	4.5	0.91	-12	1.3	0.73	35–40
4	1:1.5	7	4.5	0.88	-13	1.46	0.85	35–40
5	1:1	10.4	9.1	0.37	-14	0.115	0.03	2–10
6	1:1.5	10.4	9.1	0.39	-14	0.11	0.042	2–10

## References

- S1. V. V. Kazakova, E. A. Rebrov, V. B. Myakushev, T. V. Strelkova, A. N. Ozerin, L. A. Ozerina, T. B. Chenskaya, S. S. Sheiko, E. Yu. Sharipov, A. M. Muzafarov, *ACS Symp. Ser.*, **2000**, 729, 503–515. DOI: 10.1021/bk-2000-0729.ch034
- S2. I. B. Meshkov, A. A. Kalinina, V. V. Kazakova, A. I. Demchenko, *INEOS OPEN*, **2020**, 3, 118–132. DOI: 10.32931/io2022r